

The History of England from de Accession of James the Second, 9

THE HISTORY OF ENGLAND FROM DE ACCESSION OF JAMES THE SECOND, 9

THOMAS BABINGTON MACAULAY MACAULAY



This historic book may have numerous typos and missing text. Purchasers can download a free scanned copy of the original book (without typos) from the publisher. Not indexed. Not illustrated. 1861. Excerpt: ... GODOLPHIN. Godolphin, Sidney Godolphin, Earl of, his character, I. 251. A commissioner of the Treasury under Charles II., I. 252. Recommends the passing of the Exclusion Bill, I. 254. His conduct in office, I. 272. Appointed chamberlain to the Queen, II. 20. Conforms to Roman Catholic observances, II. 43. Sits on the trial of Lord Delamere, II. 274. His position at court, II. 301. Made a commissioner of the Treasury, II. 392. One of James II.'s Council of Five, III. 307. His administration of the Treasury, IV. 21. IV. 65. Retires from office, V. 213. Recalled to the Treasury as First Commissioner, VI. 105. William III's confidence in, VI. 169. His treachery, VI. 170. Influenced by Marlborough, VI. 171. His communications with Middleton, VII. 202. Appointed one of the Lords Justices, VIII. 26. Implicated in Fenwick's_ GORDON. confession, VIII. 179. His demeanour on the reading of Fenwick's confession, VIII. 182. Resigns office, VIII. 194. His speech in the House of Lords, VIII. 216. Golden Square, I. 351. Goldsmith, Oliver, his dislike to Scotch scenery, IV. 299. Goodenough, Richard, a Whig refugee, II. 97. Taken after the battle of Sedgemoor; pardoned, II. 225. His evidence against Cornish, II. 229. A witness in the trial of Lord Delamere, II. 274. Goodman, Cardell, a Jacobite adventurer, VIII. 33. Heads a Jacobite riot, VIII. 48. His flight, VIII. 197. Gordon, Duke of, Governor of Edinburgh Castle in 1689, IV. 251, 269. Summoned to surrender by the Scotch Convention, IV. 273. Returns an evasive answer, IV. 273. His interview with Dundee, IV. 279.--Refuses to fire on the city,

GitEVIUS. IV. 282. Surrenders the castle,
V. 13. Grsevius, his share in arranging the
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entrance in 1691, VI. 119. Grafton, Duke...

Edward IV (28 April 1442 – 9 April 1483) was the King of England from 4 March 1461 to 3 Edward of York was born at Rouen in France, the second son of Richard, 3rd . The French declared war on Burgundy, despite the fact that Charles was . family, which ruled for the longest period of any dynasty in English history.History of England from the Accession of James II - Volume III by Macaulay, Thomas Babington. and a More information about this seller Contact this seller 9. Free kindle book and epub digitized and proofread by Project Gutenberg.The History of England from de Accession of James the Second, 1 (hardcover). This work has been selected by scholars as being culturally important, and is partLady Jane Grey (c. 1537 – 12 February 1554), known also as Lady Jane Dudley (after her marriage) and as the Nine Days Queen, was an English noblewoman and de facto Queen of England and Ireland from 10 In early February 1547, Jane was sent to live in the household of Edward VI's uncle, Thomas Seymour,The monarch of Scotland was the head of state of the Kingdom of Scotland. According to Her uncle Charles II was the last monarch to be crowned in Scotland, .. (the grandson of the 1292 competitor, Robert de Brus) fought against the English. . This coincided with the accession of Queen Anne, daughter of James VII.England became inhabited more than 800,000 years ago, as the discovery of stone tools and .. Gildas Sapiens De Excidio et Conquestu Britanniae, composed in the 6th in check, and by the early 9th century the Mercian Supremacy was over. It was not until 978 and the accession of ?thelred the Unready that theLast Updated: Jun 15, 2018 See Article History James was the only son of Mary, Queen of Scots, and her second husband, For nine generations the Stuarts had in fact been merely the ruling family When James at length succeeded to the English throne on the death of James I, painting attributed to John de Critz, c.Historical and Cultural Consequences G. Burgess, R. Wymer, J. Lawrence 114, 1367n Drummond, John, 89 Drummond, William, xxi, 83, 8993, 979, 138n 145 Edward I, king of England, 57, 116 Edward II, king of England, xxiv, 159, Alexander, Lord Fyvie and earl of Dunfermline Garcilaso, de la Vega, 901,Mary II (30 April 1662 – 28 December 1694) was Queen of England, Scotland, and Ireland, co-reigning with her husband and first cousin, King William III and II, from 1689 until her death popular histories 9 Notes 10 References Mary's uncle was King Charles II, who ruled the three kingdoms of England, Scotland andJames VI and I was King of Scotland as James VI from and King of England and 3 Accession in England 4 Early reign in England James was the only son of Mary, Queen of Scots, and her second husband, Henry Protestant king who accepted the limitations of monarchy, as outlined in his treatise DeAn- Bwered by the king, 259 Revenue of the Anglo-Norman kings, ii. 107172. State of In the reign of James I. vi. 407- Iii the His accession, 47 I. prepares for a crusade, ii. 48. Supports the pretensions of Guy de Lusignan, 60. TroublesJames was their second son, the older being

the future Charles II. The early life of James was dominated by the English Civil War and for James years in exile. James's accession meant that the three separate kingdoms of England, Following their defeat in the Nine Years War, Hugh O'Neill, Earl of Tyrone and .. Early in 1651, Charles was crowned Charles II of Scotland at Scone Castle. Top In 1667, the Dutch admiral Michiel de Ruyter led a daring raid up the River Medway. 1789 The Constitution of England or Account of the English Government De Lolme 1797 3vol Annals of Scotland the Accession of Malcolm III to Stewart D A first edition of Fox's uncompleted history of James II of England. With 9 illustrated plates including frontispiece and end, with 4 maps, collated oThe Restoration of the English monarchy took place in the Stuart period. It began in 1660 when It is very often used to cover the whole reign of Charles II (1660-1685) and death of Queen Anne and the accession of the Hanoverian George I in 1714 6 Restoration Britain 7 End of the Restoration 8 See also 9 Notes